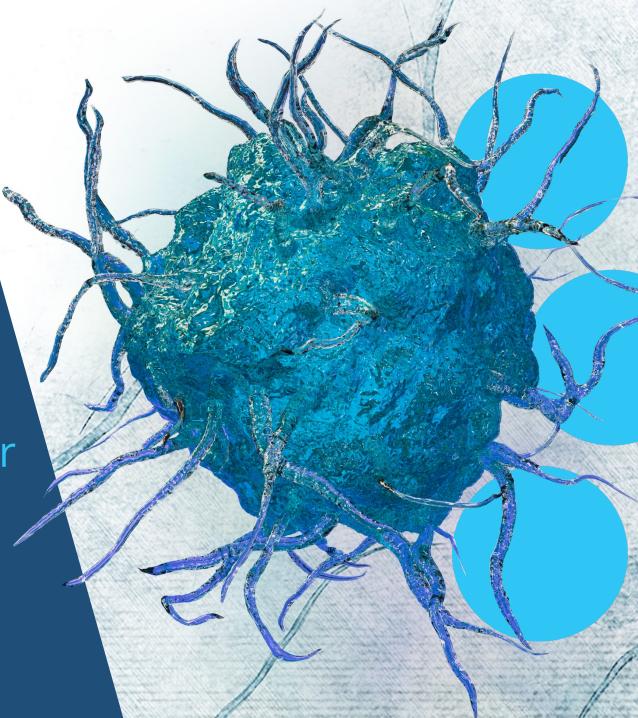
# nkarta

# **ENGINEERING** Natural Killer Cells

for next generation treatment of autoimmune diseases and cancer

ON DEMAND



# Forward-looking statements

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## Delivering the future of cell therapy by harnessing the killing ability of natural killer (NK) cells

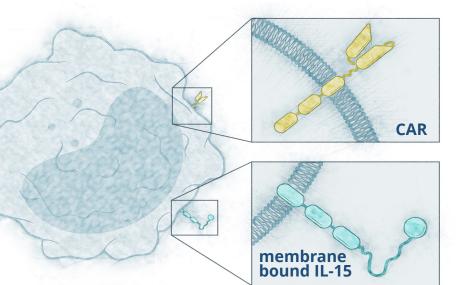
Fully allogeneic from healthy, pre-screened donors

On-demand, off-the-shelf availability for outpatient administration

Programs in autoimmune disease and oncology

Clinical program updates expected in 2024

Projected cash runway into 2026



**CAR NK Cell** 

CARs engineered for optimal target cell killing

Candidates engineered with a targeting CAR and membrane bound IL-15

# **Pipeline with transformational potential**

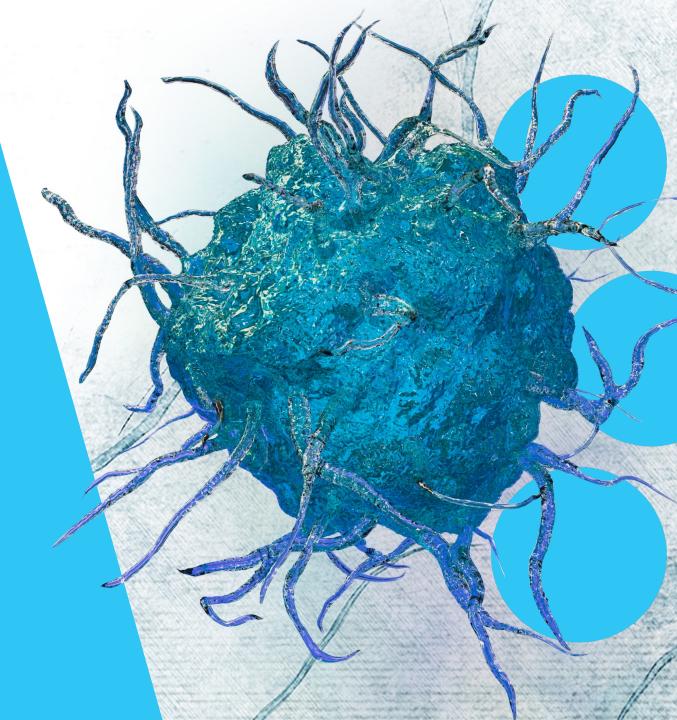
Program (Target)	Indication	Research	IND-Enabling	Clinical	Status
<b>NKX019</b> (CD19)	Refractory LN	0	0	0	IND cleared 4Q 2023 First patient dosing expected 1H 2024
<b>NKX019</b> (CD19)	r/r NHL	0	0	———————————————————————————————————————	Phase 1 dose-compression cohort ongoing Update planned mid 2024
<b>NKX101</b> (NKG2D)	r/r AML	0	0	0	Phase 1 follow-up ongoing Patient enrollment closed
<b>NKX101</b> (NKG2D)	Solid Tumors	0	O		Gated on proof of concept in r/r AML
<b>NKX070</b> (CD70)	Heme & Solid Tumors	0	$\rightarrow$		Collaboration CRISPR
<b>NK + T</b> (Undisclosed)	Undisclosed	$\bigcirc \longrightarrow$			Collaboration CRISPR

Autoimmune Oncology

AML: acute myeloid leukemia; LN: lupus nephritis; NHL: non-Hodgkin lymphoma; r/r: relapsed or refractory

# NKX019 in Autoimmune Disease





# Cell therapy offers a promise of a disease-modifying option for patients with refractory autoimmune disease

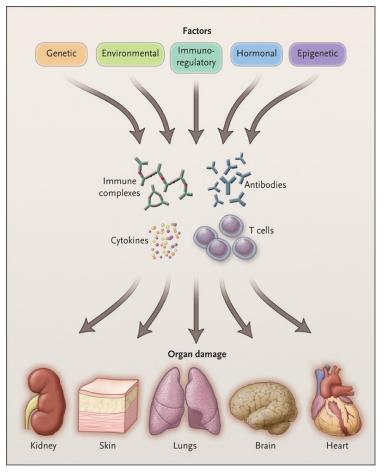
#### Autoimmune disease is a major unmet need

- Estimated 7 million patients in U.S. with a form of B-cell mediated autoimmune disease<sup>1</sup>
- Pathogenic B cells can drive systemic diseases via combination of intrinsic and extrinsic factors

# Effectiveness of current therapies is inadequate and often consists of lifelong immune suppression

# CD19-directed cell therapy has challenged the treatment paradigm for autoimmune diseases

 Drug-free remissions after a single treatment in academic trials<sup>2</sup>



Tsokos, *N Engl J Med* 2011; 365:2110-2121.

1: Canaccord Genuity, 14 Nov 2023. 2: Mackensen et al. *Nature Med*. 28 Oct 22. 2124–2132.

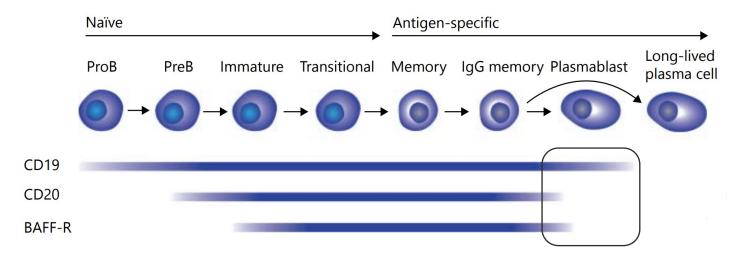
# Both target and therapeutic modality likely contribute to benefits of anti-CD19 cell therapy versus antibody approaches to targeting B cells

#### Benefit of CD19-directed CAR T in SLE may be via elimination of autoantibody-producing cells

- CD19<sup>high</sup> CD20<sup>dim/neg</sup> BAFF-R<sup>dim/neg</sup> plasmablasts
- CD19<sup>dim/neg</sup> CD20<sup>neg</sup> BAFF-R<sup>neg</sup> long-lived plasma cells

#### Current agents that target B cells have inconsistent benefit in SLE

- Rituximab (CD20 antibody)
- Belimumab (BAFF-R antibody)



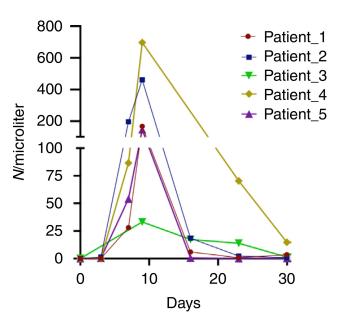
von Büdingen, et al. Eur Neurol 2015. 73:238-246.

## CAR T cell kinetics in autoimmune disease differ greatly from that in oncology

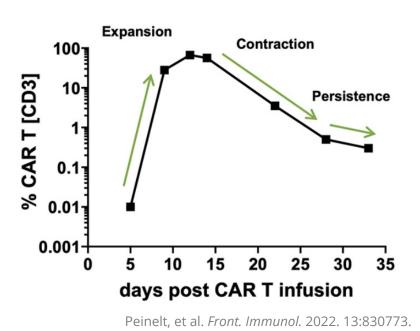
#### Transient persistence is followed by rapid elimination in autoimmune disease

- Expansion peaks at ~10 days
- Less antigen burden may explain differences in persistence and exposure

In B cell malignancies, CAR T cells persist long after antigen-dependent expansion



Autoimmune disease





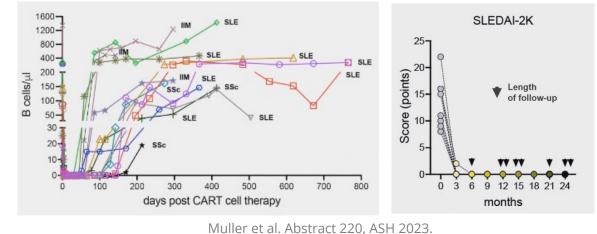
# Transient B-cell suppression can provide drug-free responses in autoimmune disease

#### Immune "reset" occurs after B cell suppression in as short as 50 days in autoimmune disease

- Persistent B cell aplasia is <u>NOT required</u> for long-term responses
- Autoantibodies remain negative in most patients and drug-free remissions persist for up to 29 mo<sup>1</sup>

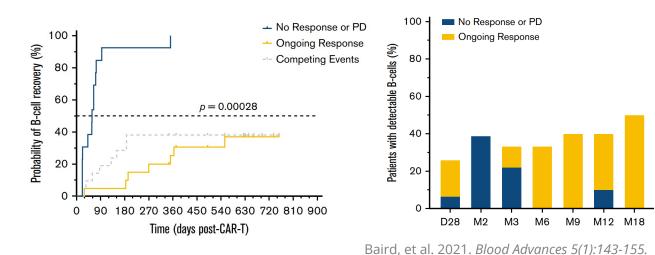
#### Prolonged B cell aplasia is common in oncology (median ~18 mo<sup>2</sup>), especially in responders

- Absence of B cells is used as clinical proxy for detection and activity of CAR T cells
- B cell recovery within 3 months of infusion is associated with disease progression



Autoimmune disease

#### **B cell malignancy**



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1: Mueller, et al. *NEJM. 2024; 390:687-700.* 2: Bhoj, et al. *Blood. 2016 Jul 21; 128(3): 360–370.* 

## NKX019 targets and kills C19+ cells from patients across indications

**Peripheral CD19+ counts after** 

Cycle 1 of NKX019 in NHL

30

Patient #1

Patient #2

Patient #3

Patient #4

Patient #5

Patient #6 Patient #7 Patient #8

10

1600-

1100

600-

100 🖕

40-

20-

LD

NKX019 dosing

Days 0, 7, 14

15

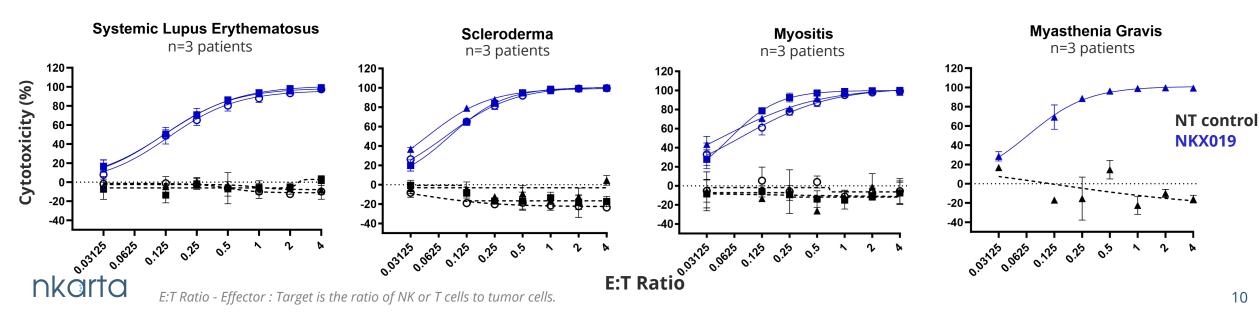
Days

CD19+ Absolute Counts per uL of whole Blood

# Patient samples from ongoing NHL trial show effective elimination of CD19+ cells from circulation by NKX019

- Normal and malignant cells cleared with a single cycle
- One cycle includes lymphodepletion and 3 doses of NKX019
- Deep suppression achieved by day 30

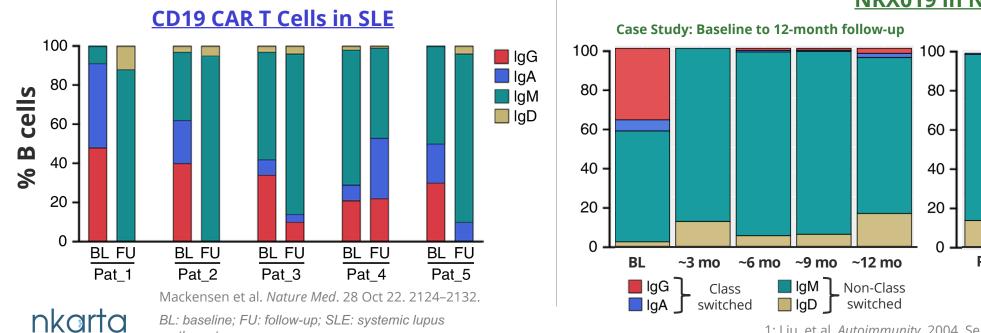
#### *In vitro* studies using blood from patients with various autoimmune diseases show consistent B cell killing by NKX019



# **B** cells that recover after NKX019 are naïve and non-class switched

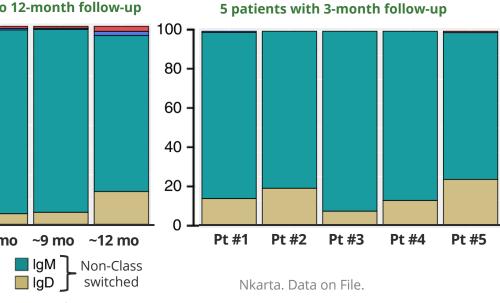
### Evaluation of B cell receptor (BCR) heavy chains can identify naïve B cell phenotypes

- Naïve B cells express IgM and IgD (non-class switched isotypes)
- After activation, B cells undergo class switching and express IgG and IgA antibodies
  Class switching appears to be required for the generation of autoantibodies in SLE<sup>1</sup>
  B cell isotype distribution after treatment with NKX019 in NHL trial is comparable to that with CD19 CAR T



erythematosus

#### <u>NKX019 in NHL</u>



## RNA profile confirms naïve B cell predominance after NKX019 treatment

# Various B cell subsets have expression profiles identifiable by single cell RNA (sc-RNA)

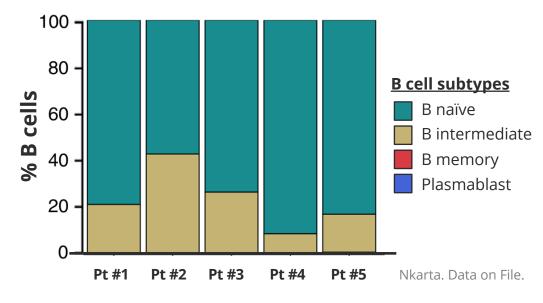
• Provides additional insight beyond surface expression (e.g. flow cytometry)

# Recovery after treatment with NKX019 in NHL trial results in a naïve population

- Naïve B cells and intermediate B cells which are "transitioning" to memory B cells
- Little to no recovery of autoantibody-producing plasmablasts or memory B cells

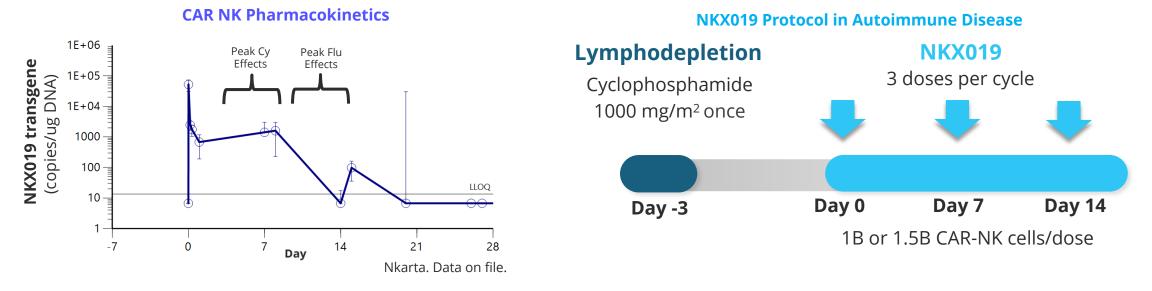
# Comparable to recovery after CD19 CAR T in autoimmune disease

#### B cell RNA profile after NKX019 in NHL at 3 months





# Disease-tailored lymphodepletion with cyclophosphamide alone could provide a critical advantage for patients with autoimmune disease



#### Early $C_{max}$ of NK cells may lessen need for prolonged suppression provided by fludarabine

- LD is tailored to limit chemotherapy exposure as delayed peak effect offers less benefit for NK cells
- Elimination of fludarabine also lessens risks of cytopenias, infection, and secondary MDS<sup>1</sup>

#### Historical use of single agent Cy at same dosage offers additional benefits

- Same dose is used by rheumatologists for management of autoimmune disease
- Possible regulatory advantage leveraging prior studies and real-world evidence



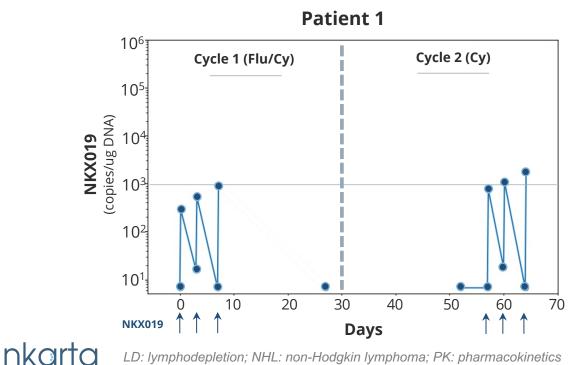
# **Cy-alone LD results in similar exposure of NKX019**

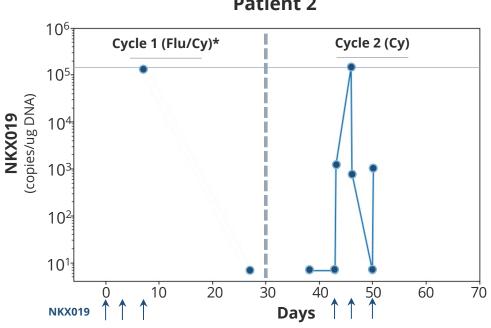
#### Current trial of NKX019 for NHL allows omission of fludarabine during LD

Regardless of LD, patients receive NKX019 on Days 0, 3, and 7 following 2 days of rest

#### Two patients have received subsequent cycles with Cy-only LD after Flu/Cy LD for Cycle #1

- Allows direct comparison of exposure between cycles
- Cy-only LD gives comparable PK to Flu/Cy, including peak exposure





Patient 2

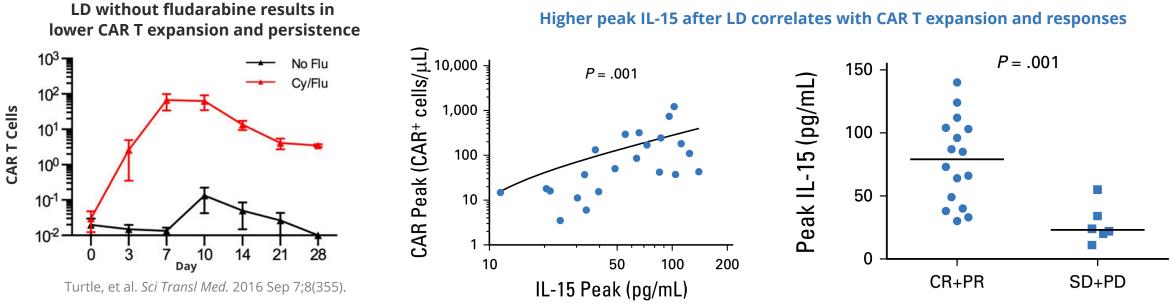
\*Multiple PK timepoints missed

#### Autologous CD19 CAR T cells require fludarabine-containing LD for maximal exposure due to induction of endogenous cytokines, especially IL-15

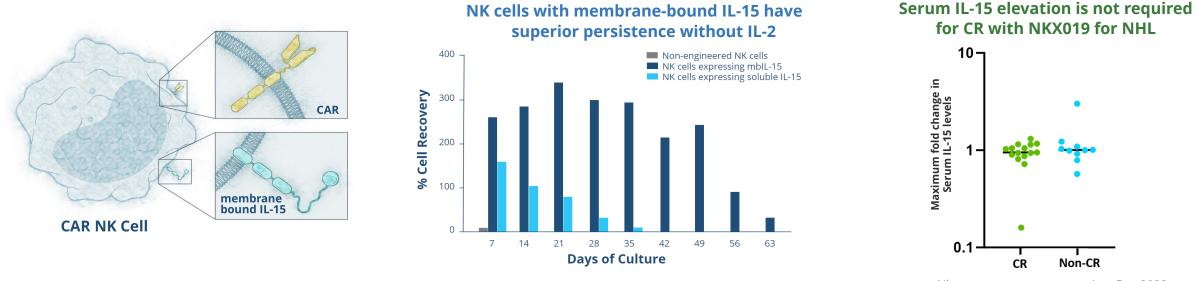
#### Despite no immune barrier, <u>autologous CAR T cells</u> depend on multi-agent LD for elimination of "cytokine sink" to facilitate expansion

- Fludarabine-sparing LD results in limited CAR T expansion and benefit
- IL-15 levels peak shortly after infusion and correlate with expansion

#### Lower peak IL-15 levels associated with decreased responses in CAR T<sup>1</sup>



# NKX019 engineering allows cytokine independence, for both persistence and response, further enabling disease-tailored LD



Nkarta, corporate presentation. Dec 2022.

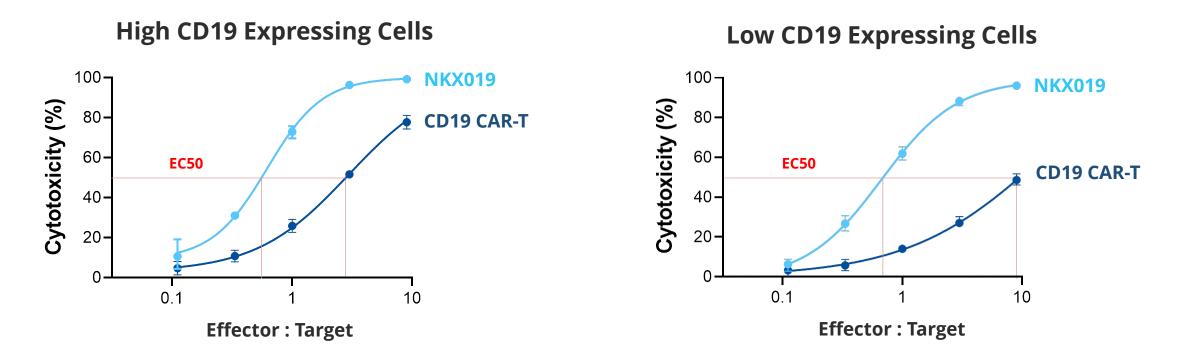
#### Autocrine stimulation by membrane-bound IL-15 (mbIL-15) provides pro-survival signal

- mb-IL15 allows NKX019 to survive several weeks without supplemental cytokines like IL-15 or IL-2
- Construct causes no secreted IL-15 and has limited cross-cell stimulation

#### Unlike CD19 CAR T, there is no association between elevated IL-15 after NKX019 and CR in NHL



# NKX019 has superior killing of CD19+ cells compared to CAR T, even with low levels of surface expression



CD19 downregulation allows normal and malignant B cells to escape CAR T cells<sup>1</sup> NKX019 maintains superior killing in B cell tumor cells expressing low CD19 levels<sup>2</sup> Potentially allows a deeper B cell immune reset in autoimmune disease



Nalm6 cells engineered to express varying levels of CD19 were obtained from R. Majzner, Stanford; Effector : Target is the ratio of NK or T cells to tumor cells.

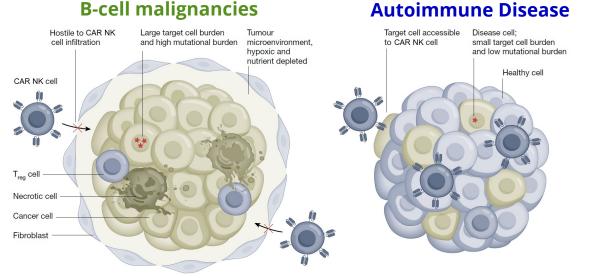
1: Fioretti, et al. Cancer Immunol Immunother. 2023 Jan;72(1):257-264.
 2: Dickinson, et al. Blood (2021) 138 (Supplement 1): 3868.

## Autoimmune B cells may be more accessible than malignant B cells

# While CD19 allows effective targeting of cells of B cell lineage, multiple factors may make B cells in autoimmune disease more accessible to killing

- S Widespread antigen escape via downregulation or loss of CD19 by malignant B cells
- S Tumor microenvironment preventing trafficking and infiltration
- S Large cell burden

Fewer target cells favors NK cell antigen-independent dosing, potentially increasing E:T ratio



#### Adapted from: Baker, et al. Nature 2023 Jul;619(7971):707-715.

# NKX019 trafficking facilitates B cell killing throughout the body

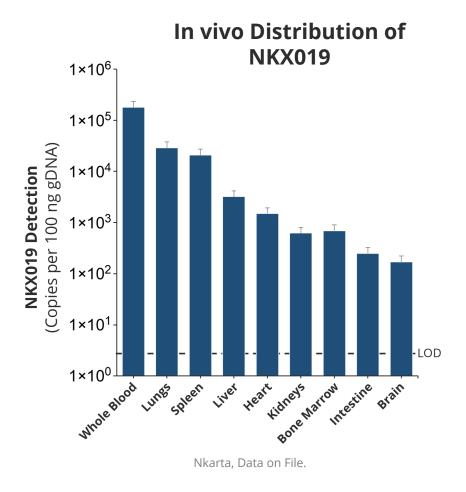
# NK cells traffic throughout the body, including to traditionally privileged sites

 Under pathological conditions, including autoimmune diseases, NK cells redistribute between tissues and organs<sup>1</sup>

### NKX019 distributes broadly in animal models

#### Patients with B-cell malignancies have achieved CR with NKX019 despite widespread disease

- NHL cleared from bone marrow, lymph nodes, liver, spleen, etc
- Malignant B cells offer effective proxy for biodistribution of normal B cells



*CR: complete response; LOD: limit of detection; NHL: non- Hodgkin lymphoma* 1: Peng, et al. Clin Rev Allergy Immunol. 2014 Oct;47(2):119-27

# CD19 CAR NK cells may be ideally suited for autoimmune disease

## NK cells reach peak activity at infusion for rapid target activity

- Maximal immediate effect without *in vivo* expansion
- T cells require expansion and necessitate a different LD approach

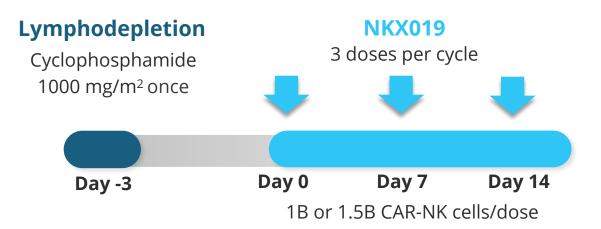
## Allogeneic NK cells are cleared by host immunity

- Low risk of prolonged B-cell aplasia which is <u>not required for response</u>
- Long-lived CAR T cells have FDA-issued risk of T-cell malignancy<sup>1</sup>

## Superior safety and accessibility in non-malignant setting

- On-demand availability without need for cumbersome infrastructure at treatment centers
- Low risk of expansion-related toxicities including CRS and ICANS

### NKX019 for autoimmune diseases: A multicenter, open-label, phase 1 study



#### Endpoints:

- Safety and tolerability
- Pharmacokinetics
- Renal function
- Autoantibody serology

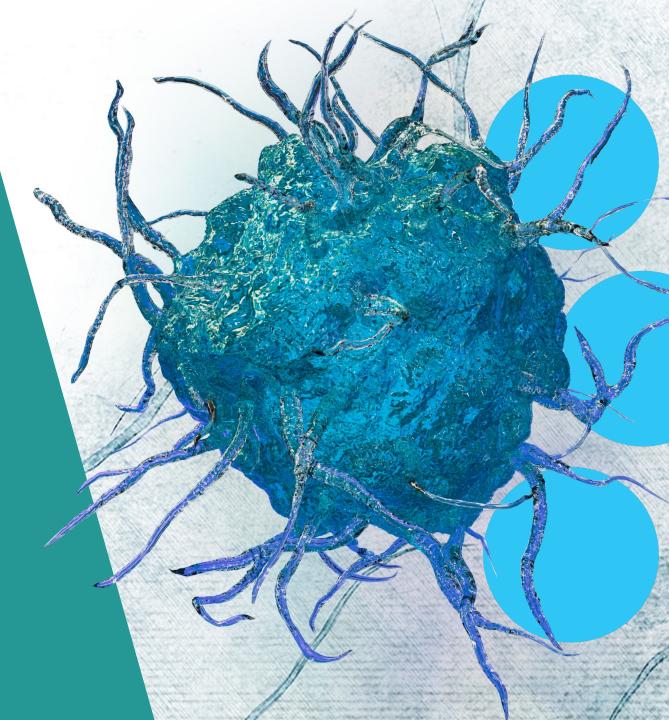
Off the shelf administration reduces burden to patients and providers

First patient dosing expected 1H 2024

Opportunity to investigate broader applicability of NKX019 in multiple autoimmune diseases

**nkarta** CAR: chimeric antigen receptor

# NKX019 in Oncology





# Autologous CAR T-cell therapy has set the bar for cellular therapies in r/r NHL but has limitations

### CAR T-cell therapy is not broadly accessible

- Only 20-30% of patients with LBCL who could benefit from CAR T receive it
- Patients often need to change providers and receive bridging chemotherapy

### Potential toxicity requires proximity to a specialized inpatient treatment center

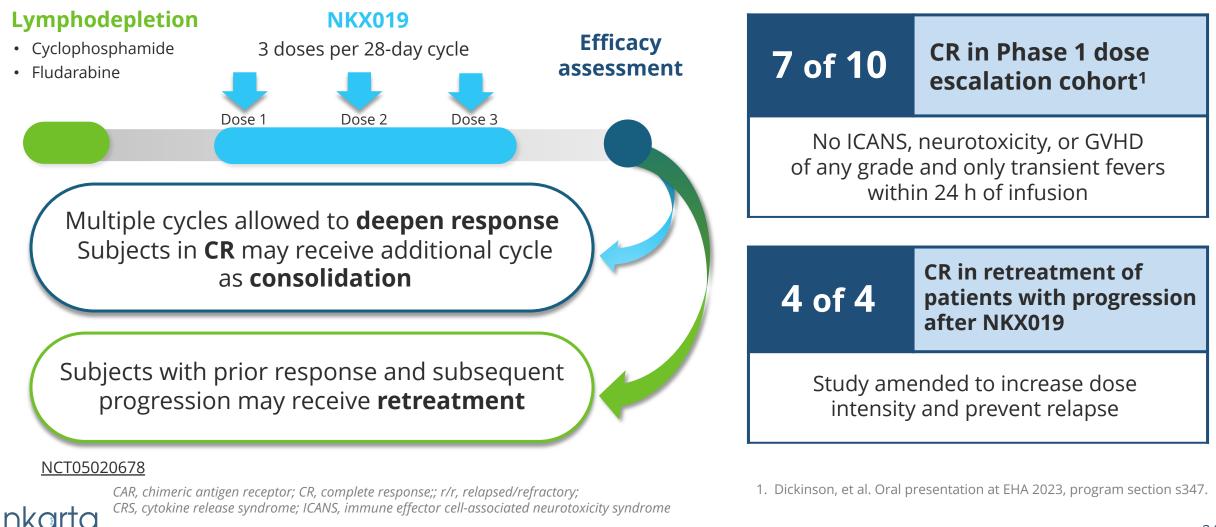
- Over 25% of patients require ICU care
- Grade 3+ CRS: 13 to 49%, Grade 3+ ICANS / neurotoxicity: 18 to 31%

## Only 30-40% of patients with LBCL treated with CAR T-cell therapy have 6-month CR

- No ability to re-dose for incomplete response
- Outcomes among those that relapse are poor

CAR, chimeric antigen receptor; CR, complete response; CRS, cytokine release syndrome; ICANS, immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome; ICU, intensive care unit; LBCL, large B-cell lymphoma; NHL, non-Hodgkin lymphoma.

# NKX019 for B-cell malignancies: A multicenter, open-label, phase 1 study in r/r NHL



## NKX019 Amendment: Compressed Dosing as an Outpatient

**Dose compression cohort** enrolling patients with large B-cell lymphoma (LBCL), targeting patients who have received *prior CD19 CAR-T cell therapy* 

New compressed dosing schedule to intensify exposure to NKX019 in the first week after LD

NKX019 on Days 0, 3, and 7 following standard LD with Flu/Cy

Previous cohorts received NKX019 on Days 0, 7 and 14

#### Study amendment also includes

- Potential higher doses of CAR NK cells
- Tailored LD with Cy monotherapy for patients with prolonged cytopenias
- Elimination of inpatient requirement
- Streamlined protocol assessments to reduce burden on sites and patients

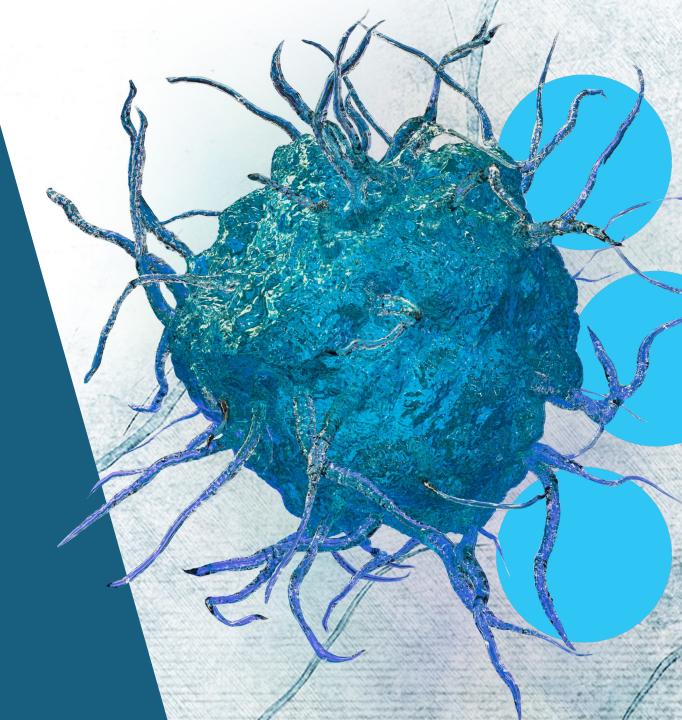
#### Next clinical update planned for mid-2024



CAR, chimeric antigen receptor; cy, cyclophosphamide; flu, fludarabine; LD, lymphodepletion

# Summary





# Autoimmune expansion | 2024 updates | Cash runway

- Pipeline prioritization focuses on NKX019 development in autoimmune disease
- Disease-tailored lymphodepletion leverages NK cell biology and supports differentiated safety/accessibility profile
- Further investment in NKX019 oncology gated by clinical signals from next data update
- \$250.9 M in cash and cash equivalents as of 31 Dec 2023\*; projected cash runway into 2026

### Anticipated 2024 clinical milestones in autoimmune

1H 2024

*NKX019 in lupus nephritis* Dose first patient and program update

\* Includes short-term investments and restricted cash